



Question(s): 11/17

STUDY GROUP 17 – CONTRIBUTION **xx**

Source: Denmark

Title: Proposal for including whitelist support in Rec. ITU-T X.509 | ISO/IEC 9594-8.

Justification

In some environment, such as smart grid, some entities only communicates with a limited set of other entities. Such environments are often constraint with respect to storage capacity, processing speed and bandwidth. Efficient public-key certificate handling is then essential. It is therefore proposed to include a whitelisting capability in Rec. ITU-T X.509 | ISO/IEC 9594-8 with capabilities for efficient and speedy public-key certificate validation.

IEC TC57 WG15 has identified a requirement for whitelisting in their work on IEC 62351-9, *Key Management*.

Whitelists are only relevant for end entities, i.e., entities to which end-entity public-key certificates have been issues. An end entity cannot issue public-key certificates to other entities.

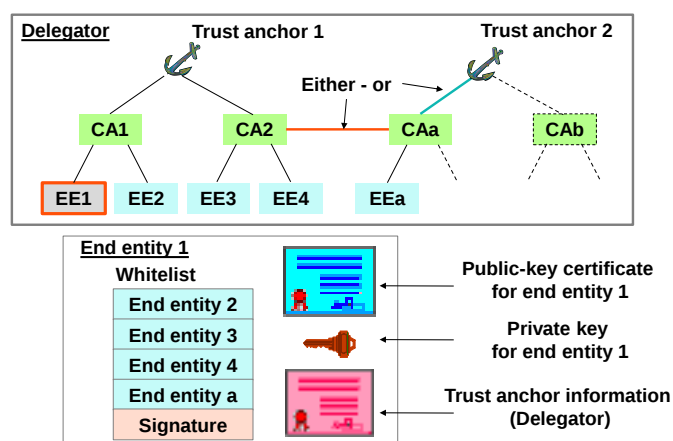


Figure A – Certificate management

Figure A illustrates the basics of the proposed approach. End entity 1 (EE1) has communications requirements with end entities EE2, EE3, EE4 and EEa. A trusted external entity, a *delegator*, maintains information about the public-key certificate status for one or more end entities. This is illustrated in Figure A, where the delegator maintains public-key certificate information about EE1 and its potential communication partners including what is necessary for the delegator to maintain status information and perform validation on behalf of EE1. This includes maintaining certification path status information.

The issue for communication with EEa is a little more complicated, as it belongs to a PKI domain different from that of EE1. There are two options for the situation shown in Figure A:

- The delegator, in addition to holding trust anchor information for trust anchor 1, also holds trust anchor information about trust anchor 2 and information about relevant CAs subordinate to trust anchor 2, i.e., it holds information about CAb in figure A.

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- b) The CA2 and CAa have established cross certification meaning that it is possible to establish a certification path from trust anchor 1 to any entity subordinate to CAa.

The certification paths the delegator has to maintain on behalf of EE1 are as follows:

The certification path for PDUs received from EE2 is quite simple as EE1 and EE2 share the same issuing CA:

CA1 >> EE2 (the trust anchor is not part of the certification path).

The certification path for PDUs received from EE3 or EE4 is similarly quite simple as they share the same trust anchor:

CA2 >> EE3 and CA2 >> EE4.

The certification path for PDUs received from EEa is a little more complicated. Two cases are considered. The first case is where the EE1 has trust anchor information from trust anchor 2:

CAa >> EEa

If, at the other hand, EE1 has no trust anchor information from trust anchor 2, but there is cross certification between CA2 and CAa, then the certification path is:

CA2 >> CAa >> EEa

If an incident happens that invalidates a certification path, EE1 has to be informed about the change in the status.

Based on the information the delegator holds, it constructs a whitelist to be forwarded to EE1. This whitelist contains sufficient information to allow EE1 to validate requests/responses from other end entities without having to consult a third party.

The delegator maintains the whitelist at EE1 by either a replace request or an update request. In particular, the EE1 must be kept updated on any change in the status information. It is proposed that the delegator maintains status information by some kind of subscription service.

The communications between EE1 and the delegator need to be secure, i.e., it is necessary to ensure integrity, confidentiality and authentication. It is proposed to use Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) for enveloping the communications.

The validation is most efficiently performed if the delegator acts a trust anchor for EE1 (see discussion in [DR 394](#)).

A delegator may acts as delegator for multiple end entities.

As mentioned before, the EE1 holds a whitelist signed by the delegator. I addition, it holds its own public-key certificate and its private key. In this simple example, it also holds delegator trust anchor information.

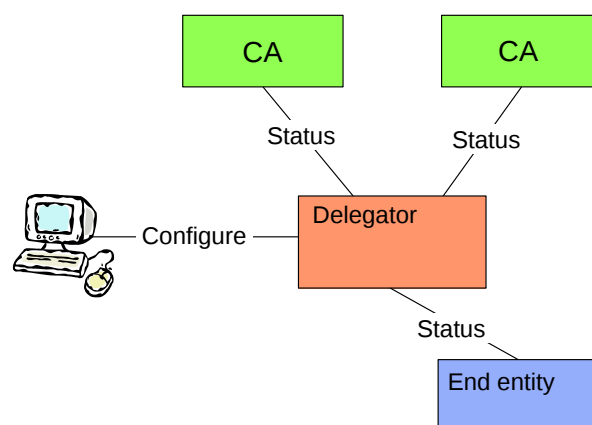


Figure B – Delegator communications partners

Figure B illustrates the communication partners with which the delegator is communicating. It provides status update information to supporting end entities and it receives status information from CAs responsible public-key certificates that affects the certifications paths for the supporting end entities.

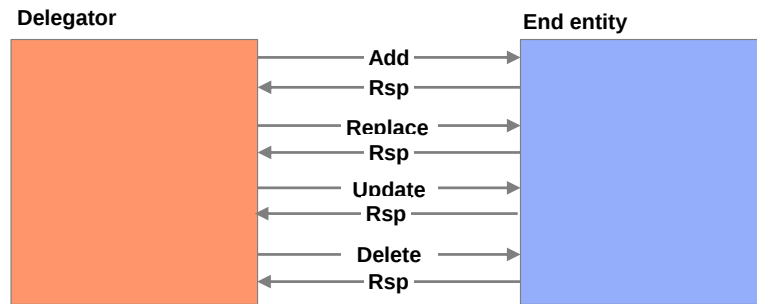


Figure C – Whitelist management

Figure C illustrates the different type of communications between the delegator and the end entity, for which the delegator maintains a whitelist.

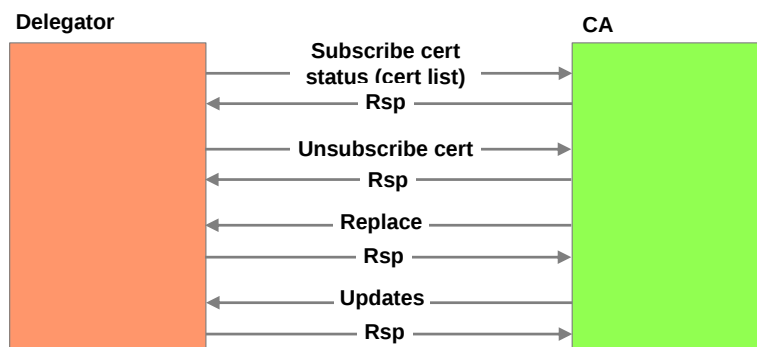


Figure D – Delegator management

Figure D illustrates the different type of communications between the delegator and one of the CAs from which it can subscribe on public-key certificate status information.

Proposal for addition to Rec. ITU-T X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2

*Add new object identifiers to the **UsefulDefinitions** module to allow for CMS support within Rec. ITU-T X.509 | ISO/IEC 9594-8:*

Add the following new attribute type for allocation of object identifiers for CMS content types:

cmsContentType ID ::= {ds 41}

Add a new object identifier for CMS a module holding CMS content specifications

cmsContentSpecifications ID ::= {module cmsContentSpecifications(40) 8}

Add a new synonym:

id-cmsct ID ::= cmsContentType

Proposal for addition to Rec. ITU-T X.509 | ISO/IEC 9594-8

Add the following abbreviation to clause 4:

CASP Certification Authority Subscription Protocol
WLMP WhiteList Management Protocol

Add a new clause 11 and renumber subsequent clauses:

11 Public-key certificate whitelisting

11.1 Whitelist concept

In some environments, end entities may only communicate with a few other end entities and will not accept PDUs from any other entity. Validation may be optimized in such environment by use of whitelists. A whitelist is a list providing information about potential communications partners for a particular end entity. If a PDU is received from an entity not represented in the whitelist, the PDU shall be discarded. The whitelist is created, maintained and signed by an entity called the delegator, which is an entity to which an end entity has delegated part of the maintenance and validation tasks. For efficiency, the delegator could be a trust anchor for the end entity.

Two scenarios are recognized here:

- a) A whitelist is placed in an end entity with no or minor constraints allowing the end entity to perform much of the validation on its own. In this case, the whitelist is mainly used to restrict the communications to selected entities.
- b) A whitelist is placed in an entity that is constraints with respect to processing power, storage and/or response time to a degree that it cannot afford to go to a third party when doing validation, meaning that the end entity locally needs to have sufficient updated information available to do the validation.

11.2 The delegator

The behaviour of the delegator is dependent on whether it maintains whitelists for end entities in a non-constrained environment or for end entities in a constrained environment.

If the whitelist is to be placed in a non-constraint end entity, the whitelist shall only contain rather stable information not affected by state or change of associated public-key certificates.

If the whitelist is to be placed in a constraint end entity, the delegator shall maintain a complete certification paths required for each of the peer entities with which the end entity communicates. The delegator shall continuously ensure that the certifications paths can validate positively. This included checking for restrictions and expired or revoked public-key certificates. When a certification path cannot longer validate positively, the corresponding whitelist item shall be updated within the affected end entity.

11.3 Whitelist syntax

The **CertWhitelist** ASN.1 data type specifies a whitelist.

CertWhitelist ::= SIGNED {TBSCertWhitelist}

```
TBSCertWhitelist ::= SEQUENCE {  
    version                Version DEFAULT v1,  
    signature               AlgorithmIdentifier {{SupportedAlgorithms}},  
    constraint              BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,  
    issuerKeyIdentifier     WLIssuerKeyIdentifier,  
    certInfo                SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {  
        serialNumber       CertificateSerialNumber OPTIONAL,  
        issuer              Name,  
        subject             Name,  
    }  
}
```

```

    subjectPublicKeyInfo      SubjectPublicKeyInfo OPTIONAL,
    certStatus                CertStatus OPTIONAL,
    subjectKeyIdentifier      WLSubjectKeyIdentifier OPTIONAL,
    ...,
    ...,
    wlEntryExtensions         [1] Extensions OPTIONAL },
    ...,
    ...,
    wlExtensions              Extensions OPTIONAL }

WLIssuerKeyIdentifier ::= OCTET STRING
WLSubjectKeyIdentifier ::= OCTET STRING

CertStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
    good      (0),
    revoked   (1),
    on-hold   (2),
    expired   (3),
    ... }

```

The whitelist components are specified in the following.

The **version** component shall hold the version of the whitelist. This component shall either be absent or have the value **v1**.

The **signature** component shall contain the algorithm identifier for the signature algorithm used by the delegator when signing the whitelist. This component shall be the same value as used in the **algorithmIdentifier** component of the **SIGNATURE** data type when signing the whitelist.

NOTE – By including this component, the signature algorithm is protected by the signature on the whitelist.

The **constraint** component shall take the value **FALSE** if the end entity is not resource constraint and therefore has the resources to perform normal validation, e.g., to make use of the OCSP service. Otherwise, this component shall take the value **TRUE** or be absent.

The **issuerKeyIdentifier** component shall be a unique identification of the public key of the delegator. The value shall be a SHA256 hash of the public key. ??

The **certInfo** component shall identify each of the end-entity public-key certificates represented by the whitelist:

- a) The **serialNumber** component shall be identical to the **serialNumber** component of the end-entity public-key certificate represented by this element.
- b) The **issuer** component shall be identical to the **issuer** component of the end-entity public-key certificate represented by this element.
- c) The **subject** component shall be identical to the **subject** component of the end-entity public-key certificate represented by this element.
- d) The **subjectPublicKeyInfo** component shall be present when the **constraint** component has the value **TRUE**. Otherwise, it shall be absent. When present, this component shall be identical the **subjectPublicKeyInfo** component of the end-entity public-key certificate represented by this element.
- e) The **certStatus** component shall be absent if the **constraint** component has the value **FALSE**. Otherwise, it shall be present and shall then hold the status of the public-key certificate represented by this element:
 - The enumerated item **good** signals that the represented public-key certificate can be trusted.
 - The enumerated item **revoked** signals that the represented public-key certificate has been revoke and cannot longer be trusted.
 - The enumerated item **on-hold** signals that the represented public-key certificate has been put on hold status and should not be trusted for the time being.
 - The enumerated item **expired** signals that the represented public-key certificate has expired and cannot be trusted.

- f) The **subjectKeyIdentifier** component shall be present when the **constraint** component has the value **TRUE**. Otherwise, this component shall be absent. When present, it shall hold a unique identification of the public key within end-entity public-key certificate represented by this element. The value shall be a SHA256 hash of the public key. ??
- g) The **wlEntryExtensions** component, if present, shall contain one or more whitelist entry extensions.

The **wlExtensions** component, if present, shall contain one or more whitelist extensions.

Add a new SECTION 4.

SECTION 4 – COMMUNICATIONS CAPABILITIES

20 Use of cryptographic message syntax (CMS)

Cryptographic message syntax (CMS) is defined in Rec. ITU-T X.CMS. It defines communication capabilities that allow for data integrity, confidentiality and authentication. CMS may be used for maintaining PKI and PMI related information.

The CMS defines different content types to be used for different purposes.

CONTENT-TYPE ::= TYPE-IDENTIFIER

The **CONTENT-TYPE** information object class is equivalent to the **TYPE-IDENTIFIER** information object class, which is an ASN.1 built-in information object class. The **CONTENT-TYPE** information object is used to bind the content type to the abstract syntax of the content.

This Specification defines specific content types to be enveloped by the signed content type, the signed and encrypted content type or to be transmitted as non-enveloped data.

21 Whitelist management and certification authority subscription protocols

The whitelist management protocol (WLMP) is used between a delegator and an end entity for the management of a whitelist. The CA subscription protocol (CASP) is used between a delegator and a CA to which the delegator subscribes to public-key certificate status.

21.1 Use of cryptographic message syntax signedData content type

The **ct-signedData** content type is defined in Rec. ITU-T X.CMS. This Specification puts some restriction on its use. This is formally specified by the use of an equivalent **wlSignedData** content type identified by the same object identifier as the **ct-signedData** content type. An implementation of the **wlSignedData** content type is conformant with the **ct-signedData** content type.

The whitelist signed data content is defined as:

```
wlSignedData CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    WLSignedData
    IDENTIFIED BY id-signedData }

WLSignedData ::= SEQUENCE {
    version          CMSVersion (v3),
    digestAlgorithms SET (SIZE (1)) OF AlgorithmIdentifier {{WL-Hash-Algorithms}},
    encapContentInfo EncapsulatedContentInfo,
    certificates      [0] IMPLICIT SET (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF Certificate OPTIONAL,
    --crls            [1] IMPLICIT RevocationInfoChoices OPTIONAL,
    signerInfos       SignerInfos,
    ... }

EncapsulatedContentInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    eContentType     CONTENT-TYPE.&id({WLContentSet}),
    eContent          [0] EXPLICIT OCTET STRING
        (CONTAINING CONTENT-TYPE.&Type({WLContentSet}){@eContentType})}

SignerInfos ::= SET (SIZE (1)) OF SignerInfo

SignerInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    version          CMSVersion,
    sid              SignerIdentifier,
    digestAlgorithm   AlgorithmIdentifier {{WL-Hash-Algorithms}},
    signedAttrs       [0] IMPLICIT SignedAttributes OPTIONAL,
```

```
signatureAlgorithm      AlgorithmIdentifier {{WL-Signature-Algorithms}},
signature               SignatureValue,
unsignedAttrs           [1] IMPLICIT Attributes{{UnsignedAttributes}} OPTIONAL }

SignerIdentifier ::= CHOICE {
--issuerAndSerialNumber IssuerAndSerialNumber,
subjectKeyIdentifier [0] SubjectKeyIdentifier,
--certHash             [1] CertHash,
...}

WL-Hash-Algorithms ALGORITHM ::= {...}

WL-Signature-Algorithms ALGORITHM ::= {...}
```

The **WLSignedData** data type has the components specified in the following.

The **version** parameter shall take the value **v3**.

The **digestAlgorithms** component shall consist of a single element specifying the set of applicable hashing algorithms.

The **encapContentInfo** component shall specify the set of content types applicable for the whitelist support.

The **certificates** component, when present, shall specify the set of public-key certificates that makes up the certification path to be used for signature verification.

The **crls** component shall be absent.

The **signerInfos** shall consists of a single element with the following components:

- a) The **version** component shall take the value **v3**. ??
- b) The **sid** component shall take the **subjectKeyIdentifier** alternative.
- c) The **digestAlgorithm** component shall be a hash algorithm of the repertoire specified by the **WL-Hash-Algorithms** set.
- d) The **signedAttrs** component ??
- e) The **signatureAlgorithm** component shall be a signature algorithm of the repertoire specified by the **WL-Signature-Algorithms** set.
- f) The **signature** component
- g) The **unsignedAttrs** component ??

21.2 Use of cryptographic message syntax **signcrypteData** content type

To be completed when Rec. ITU-T X.CMS has been further developed.

21.3 Content types specific for whitelist support

The following CMS content types are defined for the WLMP and the CASP:

```
WLContentSet CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
  addWhitelistReq |
  addWhitelistRsp |
  replaceWhitelistReq |
  replaceWhitelistRsp |
  updateWhitelistReq |
  updateWhitelistRsp |
  deleteWhitelistReq |
  deleteWhitelistRsp |
  rejectWhitelist |
  certSubscribeReq |
  certSubscribeRsp |
  certUnsubscribeReq |
  certUnsubscribeRsp |
  certReplaceReq |
```

```
certReplaceRsp |
certUpdateReq |
certUpdateRsp |
rejectCAsubscribe,
... }
```

21.4 Checking of received content

When a message is received, the recipient shall perform a number of validation steps. If the validation fails at any step, no further validation is necessary and the recipient returns an appropriate error code. Error codes for the WLMP are specified in clauses 21.5.8 and 21.6.8.

A number of checks are common across different content types. Such common checks are specified in the following. The receiver of a content shall check:

- a) whether the content type is a supported one and if not, return an **unknownContentType** error code;
- b) whether the **version** parameter of the content is supported and if not, return an **unsupportedWLMPversion** or **unsupportedCASPversion** error code, as appropriate;
- c) whether the content is present and if not, return a **missingContent** error code;
- d) whether all mandatory content parameters are present and if not, return a **missingContentParameter** error code;
- e) whether unexpected parameters are included in the content and if so, return an **invalidContentParameter** error code;
- f) whether the **sequence** component hold a valid sequence number and if not, return a **sequenceError** error code as specified in clause 21.5.8 for the WLMP and in clause 21.6.8 for CASP.

21.5 Whitelist management protocol

21.5.1 Whitelist management introduction

The whitelist management is concerned with how the delegator maintains whitelist information within the end entities it supports. It encompasses a set of CMS exchanges as detailed in the following.

21.5.2 Whitelist common parameters

Some components are common across different content types. The **WLMPcommonParms** data type comprises these parameters.

```
WLMPcommonParms ::= SEQUENCE {
    version      WLMPversion DEFAULT v1,
    sequence     WLMPsequence,
    ... }

WLMPversion ::= ENUMERATED { v1(1), v2(2), v3(3), ... }

WLMPsequence ::= INTEGER (1..MAX)
```

The **WLMPcommonParms** data type has the following parameters.

The **version** parameter shall hold the version of the WLMP. The current version is version **v1**.

The **sequence** parameter shall hold a sequence number of a message being sent. The sequence number is used for:

- a) to allow detection replay of messages caused by an error or to pair caused by a hostile attacker;
- b) to pair requests and responses;
- c) to detect missing messages.

Editor's note – Maybe we need more here, time stamp, nonce, etc.

21.5.3 Add whitelist

```
addWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
```

```
                AddWhitelistReq
IDENTIFIED BY id-addWhitelistReq }
```

The delegator uses the **addWhitelistReq** content type to initiate the addition of a whitelist to an end entity.

```
AddWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPCcommonParms,
    certlist      CertWhitelist,
    ... }
```

The **AddWhitelistReq** data type specifies the actual and has the following components:

- a) The **WLMPCcommonParts** data type is specified in clause 21.5.2. The **sequence** parameter shall take the value 1.
- b) The **certList** component shall hold the whitelist to be added to the end entity.

The end entity shall check the validity of the request by checking:

- a) as specified in clause 21.4;
- b) checking the validity of the signature on the received whitelist and if invalid, return an **invalidSignature** error code;
- c) whether a whitelist with the same **WhitelistIdentifier** value already exists and if so, return a **duplicateWL** error code;
- d) whether all whitelist mandatory parameters are present and if not, return a **missingWLparameter** error code;
- e) whether the **version** parameter on the whitelist specifies a supported version and if not, return a **invalidWLversion** error code;
- f) whether the **constraint** parameter on the received whitelist indicates a supported constraint mode and if not, return a **constraintError** error code;
- g) whether the **certStatus** component specifies an unknown status code and if so, return a **unknownCertStatus** error code;
- h) whether the whitelist contains an unsupported critical extension and if so, return an **unsupportedCriticalExtenssion** error code;
- i) checking whether the maximum number of whitelists has been exceeded by the new whitelist and if so, return a **maxWLsExcited** error code.

NOTE – Maximum limit might be just a single whitelist.

```
addWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
                AddWhitelistRsp
IDENTIFIED BY id-addWhitelistRsp }
```

The end entity uses the **addWhitelistRsp** content type to report the outcome of an add whitelist request.

```
AddWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPCcommonParms,
    result      CHOICE {
        success      [0] AddWhitelistOK,
        failure      [1] AddWhitelistErr,
        ... },
    ... }
```

```
AddWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {
    ok      NULL,
    ... }
```

```
AddWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {
    notOK WLMPC-error,
    ... }
```

The **AddWhitelistRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **WLMPCcommonParms** data type is specified in clause 21.5.2.

The **result** parameter has the following alternatives:

- a) The **success** alternative shall be taken if the addition of a whitelist was performed successfully.
- b) The **failure** alternative shall be taken if the addition of a whitelist failed. The **WLMP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.5.8.

21.5.4 Replace whitelist

```
replaceWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    ReplaceWhitelistReq  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-replaceWhitelistReq }
```

The delegator uses the **replaceWhitelistReq** content type to initiate the replacement of a whitelist at an end entity. It shall be used when one or more public-key certificates represented by the whitelist has been replaced or when delegator key information has changes.

```
ReplaceWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
    old          WhitelistIdentifier,  
    new          CertWhitelist,  
    ... }
```

```
WhitelistIdentifier ::= ENCRYPTED-HASH {TBSCertWhitelist}
```

The **ReplaceWhitelistReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

- a) the components of **WLMPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.5.2;
- b) the **old** component shall hold the identification of the old whitelist in the form of the signature on that list; and
- c) the **new** component shall hold the replacement whitelist.

The end entity shall verify the validity of the request by checking:

- a) as specified in 21.5.3 items a) to h);
- b) whether the **WhitelistIdentifier** value specified in the **old** component matches the identity of a local whitelist and if not, return an **unknownWL** error code.

```
replaceWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    ReplaceWhitelistRsp  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-replaceWhitelistRsp }
```

The end entity uses the **replaceWhitelistRsp** content type to report the outcome of a replace whitelist request.

```
ReplaceWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
    result          CHOICE {  
        success      [0] RepWhitelistOK,  
        failure      [1] RepWhitelistErr,  
        ... },  
    ... }
```

```
RepWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {  
    ok      NULL,  
    ... }
```

```
RepWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {  
    notOK WLMP-error,  
    ... }
```

The **ReplaceWhitelistRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **WLMPcommonParms** data type is specified in clause 21.5.2.

The **result** parameter has the following alternatives:

- a) The **success** alternative shall be taken if the replacement of a whitelist was performed successfully.

- b) The **failure** alternative shall be taken if the replacement of a whitelist failed. The **WLMP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.5.8.

21.5.5 Update whitelist

```
updateWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    UpdateWhitelistReq  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-updateWhitelistReq }
```

The delegator uses the **updateWhitelistReq** content type to initiate updates of a whitelist at an end entity. This request content type is only relevant if the whitelist in question has the **constraint** component set to **TRUE**. It shall be used when the status of one or more public-key certificates represented by the whitelist has changed.

```
UpdateWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
    wl-Id          WhitelistIdentifier,  
    status         SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF WhitelistStatus,  
    signature      WLSignature,  
    ... }
```

```
WhitelistStatus ::= SEQUENCE {  
    subjectId  WLSubjectKeyIdentifier,  
    update     CertStatus,  
    ... }
```

```
WLSignature ::= ENCRYPTED-HASH {TBSCertWhitelist}
```

The **UpdateWhitelistReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

- a) The components of **WLMPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.5.2.
- b) The **wl-Id** component shall identify the whitelist to be updated.
- c) The **status** component shall hold a list of status changes and each element has the following subcomponents:
 - The **subjectId** subcomponent shall identify the particular public-key certificate for which the status has changed.
 - The **update** subcomponent shall hold the updated status of the public-key certificate.
- d) The **signature** component shall hold an updated signature of the whitelist reflecting the whitelist after it has been updated.

The end entity shall verify the validity of the request by checking

- a) whether the content type is relevant for the end-entity and if not, return a **notRelevantContent** error code;
- b) as specified in clause 21.4;
- c) whether the **WhitelistIdentifier** value specified in the **wl-Id** component matches the identity of a local whitelist and if not, return an **unknownWL** error code;
- d) each element of the **status** component as to
 - whether the **subjectId** subcomponent matches the identity of public-key certificate represented by the identified whitelist and if not, return a **unknownCert** error code;
 - whether the **update** subcomponent specifies an unknown status code and if so, return a **unknownCertStatus** error code;
- e) whether the **signature** component is valid for the updated whitelist and if not, return an **invalidSignature** error code.

```
updateWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    UpdateWhitelistRsp  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-updateWhitelistRsp }
```

The end entity uses the **updateWhitelistRsp** content type to report the outcome of an update request.

```
UpdateWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
  COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
  result CHOICE {  
    success [0] UpdWhitelistOK,  
    failure [1] UpdWhitelistErr,  
    ... },  
  ... }
```

```
UpdWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {  
  ok NULL,  
  ... }
```

```
UpdWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {  
  notOK WLMP-error,  
  ... }
```

The **UpdateWhitelistRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **WLMPcommonParms** data type is specified in clause 21.5.2.

The **result** parameter has the following alternatives:

- a) The **success** alternative shall be taken if the update of a whitelist was performed successfully.
- b) The **failure** alternative shall be taken if the update of a whitelist failed. The **WLMP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.5.8.

21.5.6 Delete whitelist

```
deleteWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
  DeleteWhitelistReq  
  IDENTIFIED BY id-deleteWhitelistReq }
```

The delegator uses the **deleteWhitelistReq** content type to initiate deletion of a whitelist at an end entity.

```
DeleteWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
  COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
  w1-Id WLIssuerKeyIdentifier,  
  ... }
```

The **DeleteWhitelistReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following component:

- a) The components of **WLMPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.5.2.
- b) The **w1-Id** component shall identify the whitelist to be deleted.

The end entity shall verify the validity of the request by checking

- a) as specified in clause 21.4;
- b) whether the **WhitelistIdentifier** value specified in the **w1-Id** component matches the identity of a local whitelist and if not, return an **unknownWL** error code.

```
deleteWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
  DeleteWhitelistRsp  
  IDENTIFIED BY id-deleteWhitelistRsp }
```

The end entity uses the **deleteWhitelistRsp** content type to report the outcome of a delete request.

```
DeleteWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
  COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
  result CHOICE {  
    success [0] DelWhitelistOK,  
    failure [1] DelWhitelistErr,  
    ... },  
  ... }
```

```
DelWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {  
  ok NULL,  
  ... }
```

```
DelWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {  
    notOK    WLMP-error,  
    ... }
```

The **DeleteWhitelistRsp** data type specifies the actual content. It has the following components:

The **WLMPcommonParms** data type is specified in clause 21.5.2.

The **result** parameter has the following alternatives:

- a) The **success** alternative shall be taken if the deletion of a whitelist was performed successfully.
- b) The **failure** alternative shall be taken if the deletion of a whitelist failed. The **WLMP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.5.8.

21.5.7 Whitelist reject

```
rejectWhitelist ::= CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    RejectWhitelist  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-rejectWhitelist }
```

The **rejectWhitelist** content type is used by the delegator to report problems with a response from the end entity.

```
RejectWhitelist ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
    reason        WLMP-error,  
    ... }
```

The **RejectWhitelist** data type specifies the actual content and has the following component:

The **sequence** parameter of the **WLMPcommonParms** data type shall take the same value as in the response on which it is reporting.

The **WLMP-error** is specified in clause 21.5.8.

The delegator shall verify the validity of a received response by checking

- a) as specified in clause 21.4.

21.5.8 Whitelist error codes

A value of the **WLMP-error** data type is used by the end entity to report an error when processing a request from the delegator. It is also used by a delegator to reject a faulty response from an end entity.

```
WLMP-error ::= ENUMERATED {  
    noReason                (0),  
    unknownContentType      (1),  
    unsupportedWLMPversion  (2),  
    missingContent          (3),  
    missingContentParameter (4),  
    invalidContentParameter (5),  
    sequenceError           (6),  
    notRelevantContent      (7),  
    invalidSignature        (8),  
    duplicateWL             (9),  
    missingWLparameter      (10),  
    invalidWLversion        (11),  
    constraintError         (12),  
    unknownCertStatus       (13),  
    unsupportedCriticalExtenssion (14),  
    maxWLsExceeded          (15),  
    unknownCert             (16),  
    unknownWL               (17),  
    ... }
```

- a) the **noReason** value shall be selected when no other error code is applicable;
- b) the **unknownContentType** value shall be selected if the content type is not known by the receiver;

- c) the **unsupportedWLMPversion** value shall be selected if a request or response content specified a WLMP version not supported;
- d) the **unsupportedContentVersion** value shall be selected when a request or response includes an unsupported content type;
- e) the **missingContent** value shall be selected when the request or response did not include a content;
- f) the **missingContentParameter** value shall be selected when a request or response does not includes a mandatory parameter;
- g) the **invalidContentParameter** value shall be selected when an unexpected parameter was included in a request or response;
- h) the **sequenceError** value shall be selected by when:
 - an end entity receives a request content of the **addWhitelistReq** content type that did not have the **sequence** parameter set to 1;
 - an end entity receives a request content not of the **addWhitelist** content type that did not have the **sequence** parameter set to one more than for the previous request; or
 - a delegator receives a response content with a **sequence** component value different from the one in the corresponding request content;
- i) the **notRelevantContent** value shall be selected if a content type is not relevant for a non-constraint end entity;
- j) the **invalidSignature** value shall be selected when a signature on a whitelist is invalid;
- k) the **duplicateWL** value shall be selected when delegator attempts to add an already existing whitelist to an end entity;
- l) the **missingWLparameter** value shall be selected when a received whitelist is missing a mandatory component;
- m) the **invalidWLversion** value shall be selected when an unsupported whitelist version is received;
- n) the **constraintError** value shall be selected when a received whitelist has an invalid **constraint** parameter;
- o) the **unknownCertStatus** value shall be selected when a received whitelist or a whitelist update that contained an unknown public-key certificate status;
- p) the **unsupportedCriticalExtension** value shall be selected when a received whitelist contains an unsupported critical extension;
- q) the **maxWLsExceeded** value shall be selected when the addition of a whitelist would bring the number of whitelists beyond a locally determined value;
- r) the **unknownCert** value shall be selected when an unknown public-key certificate was referenced in an update request;
- s) the **unknownWL** value shall be selected when an end entity receives a content including a value of the **WhitelistIdentifier** data type that did not match any local whitelist.

21.6 Certification authority subscription protocol

21.6.1 Certification authority subscription introduction

The certification authority subscription is concerned with how the delegator maintains whitelist information by subscribing to necessary information from relevant CAs. It is only relevant for delegators supporting whitelists for constraint end entities.

Before subscribing to maintenance information, the delegator needs know the exact configuration required for the end entities it supports. The following information is necessary to establish:

- a) The end-entity public-key certificates for the end entities for which whitelist support is to be provided.
- b) For each end entities from a), the end-entity public-key certificates for the end entities to which communications are possible.
- c) The CA-certificates and trust anchor information necessary establish any necessary certification paths.

This Specification does not give details on how a delegator obtains this information. It could be by local configuration or by abstract of a centralized database.

The CASP encompasses a set of CMS exchanges as detailed in the following.

21.6.2 Certification authority subscription common parameters

Some components are common across different content types. The **CASPcommonParms** data type comprises these parameters.

```
CASPcommonParms ::= SEQUENCE {  
    version      CASPversion DEFAULT v1,  
    sequence     CASPsequence,  
    ... }  
  
CASPversion ::= ENUMERATED { v1(1), v2(2), v3(3), ... }  
  
CASPsequence ::= INTEGER (1..MAX)
```

The **CASPcommonParms** data type has the following parameters.

The **version** parameter shall hold the version of the CASP. The current version is version **v1**.

The **sequence** parameter shall hold a sequence number of a message being sent. The sequence number is used:

- a) to allow detection replay of messages caused by an error or to pair caused by a hostile attacker.
- b) to pair requests and responses.
- c) to detect missing messages.

21.6.3 Public-key certificate subscription

```
certSubscribeReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    CertSubscribeReq  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certSubscribeReq }
```

The delegator uses the **certSubscribeReq** content type to request a specific CA to supply status information about public-key certificates issued by this CA and relevant for the whitelists supported by the delegator.

```
CertSubscribeReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,  
    certs SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {  
        subject      Name,  
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,  
        ... },  
    ... }
```

The **CertSubscribeReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

- a) The components of **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 22.6.2.
- b) The **certs** component shall identify a list of public-key certificates for which, the delegator requests information about status changes. It has the following subcomponents for each element:
 - The **subject** subcomponent shall be the name of the entity for which the public-key certificate has been issued.
 - The **serialNumber** subcomponent shall be the serial number for the public-key certificate in question.

The CA shall verify the validity of the request by checking:

- a) as specified in clause 21.4;
- b) each element of the **certs** component for validity, i.e., whether it identifies a public-key certificate issued by the CA. If not, an **unknownCert** status code shall be returned in the corresponding element of the response.

```
certSubscribeRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
```

```

        CertSubscribeRsp
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certSubscribeRsp }

```

The CA shall use the **certSubscribeRsp** content type to report the outcome of the subscription request.

```

CertSubscribeRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    result CHOICE {
        certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {
            ok [0] SEQUENCE {
                cert Certificate,
                status CertStatus,
                ... },
            not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {
                status CASP-CertStatusCode,
                ... },
            ... },
        error [1] SEQUENCE {
            code CASP-error,
            ... },
        ... },
    ... }

```

```

CASP-CertStatusCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    noReason (1),
    unknownCert (2),
    ... }

```

The **CertSubscribeRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.6.2.

The result parameter has following two alternatives:

The **certs** alternative shall be taken when at least one request for status information was successfully performed. It shall include an element for each element in the corresponding request and in the same order. Each element has two alternatives:

- a) The **ok** alternative shall be taken when public-key certificate information was successfully retrieved. It has the following components:
 - the **cert** component shall hold the public-key certificate for the requested subject;
 - the **status** component shall hold the status of the public-key certificate as defined in clause 11.3.
- b) The **not-ok** alternative shall be taken when a corresponding public-key certificate was not identified:
 - the **no-reason** status code shall be returned when no code is applicable;
 - the **unknownCert** status code shall be selected when the corresponding element in the request did not identify a public-key certificate issued by the CA.

The **error** alternative shall be taken if the evaluation of the request failed to a degree where no results could be returned. The **CASP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.6.8.

21.6.4 Public-key certificate un-subscription

```

certUnsubscribeReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    CertUnsubscribeReq
    IDENTIFIED BY {id-cmsct 10} }

```

The delegator uses the **certUnsubscribeReq** content type to request a specific CA to stop supplying status information about public-key certificates issued by that CA.

```

CertUnsubscribeReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    certs SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
        subject Name,
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
        ... },
    ... }

```

... }

The **CertUnsubscribeReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

- a) The components of **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 22.6.2.
- b) The **certs** component shall identify a list of public-key certificates for which, the delegator requests stop for information about status changes. It has the following subcomponents for each public-key certificate:
 - The **subject** subcomponent shall be the name of the entity to which the public-key certificate has been issued.
 - The **serialNumber** subcomponent shall be the serial number for the public-key certificate in question.

The CA shall verify the validity of the request by checking:

- a) as specified in clause 21.4;
- b) each element of the **certs** component for validity, i.e., whether it identifies a public-key certificate issued by the CA. If not, an **unknownCert** status code shall be returned in the corresponding element of the response.

```
certUnsubscribeRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    CertUnsubscribeRsp  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certUnsubscribeReq } }
```

The CA shall use the **certUnsubscribeRsp** content type to report the outcome of the un-subscription request.

```
CertUnsubscribeRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,  
    result CHOICE {  
        certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {  
            ok [0] SEQUENCE {  
                subject Name,  
                serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,  
                ... },  
            not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {  
                status CASP-CertStatusCode,  
                ... },  
            ... },  
        error [1] SEQUENCE {  
            code CASP-error,  
            ... },  
        ... },  
        ... }
```

The **CertSubscribeRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.6.2.

The **result** parameter has following two alternatives:

The **certs** alternative shall be taken when at least one request for status information was successfully stopped. It shall include an element for each element in the corresponding request and in the same order. Each element has two alternatives:

- a) The **ok** alternative shall be taken when public-key certificate information was successfully retrieved. It has the following components:
 - the **subject** component shall hold the name of the subject to which the public-key certificate had been issued;
 - the **serialNumber** component shall hold the serial number for the public-key certificate.
- b) The **not-ok** alternative shall be taken when a corresponding public-key certificate was not identified.
 - the **no-reason** status code shall be returned when no other status code is applicable;

- the **unknownCert** status code shall be selected when the corresponding element in the request did not identify a public-key certificate issued by the CA.

The **error** alternative shall be taken if the evaluation of the request failed to a degree where no results could be returned. The CASP-error data type is specified in clause 21.6.8.

21.6.5 Public-key certificate replacements

```
certReplaceReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    CertReplaceReq  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certReplaceReq }
```

The CA shall use the **certReplacementReq** content type to submit replaced public-key certificates to the delegator.

```
CertReplaceReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,  
    certs SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {  
        old CertificateSerialNumber,  
        new Certificate,  
        ... },  
    ... }
```

The **CertReplacementReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

- a) The **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.6.2.
- b) The **certs** component shall identify a list of public-key certificate replacements. It has the following subcomponents for each public-key certificate:
 - The **old** subcomponent shall hold the identification of the public-key certificate to be replaced.
 - The **new** subcomponent shall hold the replacement public-key certificate.

The delegator shall verify the validity of the request by checking:

- a) as specified in clause 21.4;
- b) each element of the **certs** component for validity:
 - whether the old subcomponent identifies a public-key certificate at the delegator and if not, an **unknownCert** status code shall be returned in the corresponding element of the response;
- b) each element of the **certs** component for validity, i.e., whether it identifies a public-key certificate issued by the CA. If not, an **unknownCert** status code shall be returned in the corresponding element of the response.

```
certReplaceRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    CertReplaceRsp  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certReplaceRsp }
```

The delegator shall use the **certReplacementRsp** content type to report the outcome of the subscription request.

```
CertReplaceRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,  
    result CHOICE {  
        certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {  
            ok [0] SEQUENCE {  
                issuer Name,  
                serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,  
                ... },  
            not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {  
                status CASP-CertStatusCode,  
                ... },  
            ... },  
        error [1] SEQUENCE {  
            code CASP-error,  
            ... },  
        ... },  
    ... }
```

The **CertReplaceRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.6.2.

The **result** parameter has following two alternatives:

The **certs** alternative shall be taken when at least one request for status information was successfully stopped. It shall include an element for each element in the corresponding request and in the same order. Each element has two alternatives:

- a) The **ok** alternative shall be taken when public-key certificate information was successfully retrieved. It has the following components:
 - the **subject** component shall hold the name of the subject to which the public-key certificate had been issued;
 - the **serialNumber** component shall hold the serial number for the public-key certificate.
- b) The **not-ok** alternative shall be taken when a corresponding public-key certificate was not identified.
 - the **no-reason** status code shall be returned when no code is applicable;
 - the **unknownCert** status code shall be selected when the corresponding element in the request did not identify a public-key certificate issued by the CA.

The **error** alternative shall be taken if the evaluation of the request failed to a degree where no results could be returned. The **CASP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.6.8.

21.6.6 Public-key certificate updates

```
certUpdateReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    CertUpdateReq  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certUpdateReq }
```

The CA shall use the **certUpdateReq** content type to submit to the delegator updated status information on public-key certificates.

```
CertUpdateReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,  
    certs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF SEQUENCE {  
        subject      Name,  
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,  
        certStatus   CertStatus,  
        ... },  
    ... }
```

The **CertUpdateReq** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

- a) The **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.6.2.
- b) The **certs** component shall identify a list of updates to public-key certificate. It has the following subcomponents for each element:
 - The **subject** subcomponent shall hold the identification of the public-key certificate to be replaced.
 - The **serialNumber** subcomponent shall identify the public-key certificate or which new status information is available.
 - The **certStatus** shall hold the updated status information for the public-key certificate in question.

The delegator shall verify the validity of the request by checking:

- a) as specified in clause 21.4;
- b) each element of the **certs** component for validity by checking–:
 - whether the **subject** subcomponent identifies a new entity and if not, return an **unknownSubject** error code;

- whether the **serialNumber** subcomponent identifies a known public-key certificate and if not, return an **unknownCert** error code;
- whether **certStatus** subcomponent has valid value and if not, return an **unknownCertStatus** error code.

```
certUpdateRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    CertUpdateRsp  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certUpdateRsp }
```

The delegator shall use the **certUpdateRsp** content type to report the outcome of the updates to status information on public-key certificates.

```
CertUpdateRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,  
    result CHOICE {  
        certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {  
            ok [0] SEQUENCE {  
                subject Name,  
                serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,  
                ... },  
            not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {  
                status CASP-CertStatusCode,  
                ... },  
            ... },  
        error [1] SEQUENCE {  
            code CASP-error,  
            ... },  
        ... },  
        ... }
```

The **CertUpdateRsp** data type specifies the actual content and has the following components:

The **CASPcommonParms** data type as specified in clause 21.6.2.

The **result** parameter has following two alternatives:

The **certs** alternative shall be taken when at least one update for status information was successfully updated. It shall include an element for each element in the corresponding request and in the same order. Each element has two alternatives:

- a) The **ok** alternative shall be taken when the update to the public-key certificate information was successfully processed. It has the following components:
 - the **subject** component shall hold the name of the subject to which the public-key certificate had been issued;
 - the **serialNumber** component shall hold the serial number for the public-key certificate.
- b) The **not-ok** alternative shall be taken when a corresponding public-key certificate was not identified.
 - the **no-reason** status code shall be returned when no code is applicable;
 - the **unknownCert** status code shall be selected when the corresponding element in the request did not identify a public-key certificate issued by the CA.

The **error** alternative shall be taken if the evaluation of the request failed to a degree where no results could be returned. The **CASP-error** data type is specified in clause 21.6.8.

21.6.7 Certification authority subscription reject

```
rejectCAsubscribe CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
    RejectCAsubscribe  
    IDENTIFIED BY id-rejectCAsubscribe }
```

The **rejectCAsubscribe** content type is used by receiver of a response content to report problems with the response.

```
RejectCAsubscribe ::= SEQUENCE {  
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
```

```
reason          CASP-error,  
... }
```

The **RejectCAsubscribe** data type specifies the actual content and has the following component:

The **sequence** parameter of the **CASPcommonParms** data type shall take the same value as in the response on which it is reporting.

The **CASP-error** is specified in clause 21.5.8.

The delegator shall verify the validity of a received response by checking

- a) as specified in clause 21.4.

21.6.8 Certification authority subscription error codes

```
CASP-error ::= ENUMERATED {  
noReason              (0),  
unknownContentType    (1),  
unsupportedCASPversion (2),  
missingContent        (3),  
missingContentParameter (4),  
invalidContentParameter (5),  
sequenceError         (6),  
unknownCertStatus     (7),  
... }
```

A value of the **CASP-error** data type indicates the result of an issued request.

- a) the **noReason** value shall be selected when no other error code is applicable;
- b) the **unknownContentType** value shall be selected if the content type is not known by the receiver;
- c) the **unsupportedCASPversion** value shall be selected if a request or response content specified a CASP version not supported;
- d) the **unsupportedContentVersion** value shall be selected when a request or response includes an unsupported content type;
- e) the **missingContent** value shall be selected when the request or response did not include a content;
- f) the **missingContentParameter** value shall be selected when a request or response does not includes a mandatory parameter;
- g) the **invalidContentParameter** value shall be selected when an unexpected parameter was included in a request or response;
- h) the **sequenceError** value shall be selected by when:
 - a delegator or a CA receives a request content for the first time that did not have the **sequence** parameter set to 1;
 - a delegator or a CA receives a request content that did not have the **sequence** parameter set to one more than for a previous request content in the same direction; or
 - a delegator or a CA receives a response content with a **sequence** component value different from the one in the corresponding request content;

Add new module to the end of Annex A:

-- A.4 - CMS content specifications module

```
CmsContentSpecifications {joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1) cmsContentSpecifications(40) 8}
DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
```

-- EXPORTS All

IMPORTS

-- from Rec. ITU-T X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2

```
authenticationFramework, id-cmsct, informationFramework, algorithmObjectIdentifiers
FROM UsefulDefinitions {joint-iso-itu-t ds(5) module(1) usefulDefinitions(0) 8}
```

Name

FROM InformationFramework informationFramework

-- from Rec. ITU-T X.509 | ISO/IEC 9594-8

```
ALGORITHM, AlgorithmIdentifier{}, Certificate, CertificateSerialNumber, CertWhitelist,
CertStatus, ENCRYPTED-HASH{}, SIGNATURE{}, TBSCertWhitelist, WLIssuerKeyIdentifier,
WLSubjectKeyIdentifier, Version
FROM AuthenticationFramework authenticationFramework
```

```
sha256, sha224, sha256WithRSAEncryptionAlgorithm
FROM AlgorithmObjectIdentifiers algorithmObjectIdentifiers
```

```
Attributes{},
CMSVersion, id-signedData, RevocationInfoChoices, SignatureValue,
SignedAttributes, UnsignedAttributes
FROM CMS {itu-t recommendation(0) x(24) cms(894) module(0) version1(1)} ;
```

-- Signed data adapted

```
wlSignedData CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    WLSignedData
    IDENTIFIED BY id-signedData }
```

```
WLSignedData ::= SEQUENCE {
    version          CMSVersion (v3),
    digestAlgorithms SET (SIZE (1)) OF AlgorithmIdentifier {{WL-Hash-Algorithms}},
    encapsulatedContentInfo EncapsulatedContentInfo,
    certificates     [0] IMPLICIT SET (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF Certificate OPTIONAL,
    --crls           [1] IMPLICIT RevocationInfoChoices OPTIONAL,
    signerInfos      SignerInfos,
    ... }
```

```
EncapsulatedContentInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    eContentType     CONTENT-TYPE.&id({WLContentSet}),
    eContent         [0] EXPLICIT OCTET STRING
        (CONTAINING CONTENT-TYPE.&Type({WLContentSet}{@eContentType})) OPTIONAL }
```

SignerInfos ::= SET (SIZE (1)) OF SignerInfo

```
SignerInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    version          CMSVersion,
    sid              SignerIdentifier,
    digestAlgorithm  AlgorithmIdentifier {{WL-Hash-Algorithms}},
    signedAttrs      [0] IMPLICIT SignedAttributes OPTIONAL,
    signatureAlgorithm AlgorithmIdentifier {{WL-Signature-Algorithms}},
    signature        SignatureValue,
    unsignedAttrs    [1] IMPLICIT Attributes{{UnsignedAttributes}} }
```

SignerIdentifier ::= CHOICE {

```
--issuerAndSerialNumber  IssuerAndSerialNumber,  
subjectKeyIdentifier [0] SubjectKeyIdentifier,  
--certHash              [1] CertHash,  
...}
```

SubjectKeyIdentifier ::= OCTET STRING

WL-Hash-Algorithms ALGORITHM ::= {sha256 | sha224, ...}

WL-Signature-Algorithms ALGORITHM ::= {sha256WithRSAEncryptionAlgorithm, ...}

-- CMS content types

CONTENT-TYPE ::= TYPE-IDENTIFIER

```
WLContentSet CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
  addWhitelistReq |  
  addWhitelistRsp |  
  replaceWhitelistReq |  
  replaceWhitelistRsp |  
  updateWhitelistReq |  
  updateWhitelistRsp |  
  deleteWhitelistReq |  
  deleteWhitelistRsp |  
  rejectWhitelist |  
  certSubscribeReq |  
  certSubscribeRsp |  
  certUnsubscribeReq |  
  certUnsubscribeRsp |  
  certReplaceReq |  
  certReplaceRsp |  
  certUpdateReq |  
  certUpdateRsp |  
  rejectCAsubscribe,  
  ... }
```

-- Whitelist management

```
WLMPcommonParms ::= SEQUENCE {  
  version      WLMPversion DEFAULT v1,  
  sequence     WLMPsequence,  
  ... }
```

WLMPversion ::= ENUMERATED { v1(1), v2(2), v3(3), ... }

WLMPsequence ::= INTEGER (1..MAX)

```
addWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
  AddWhitelistReq  
  IDENTIFIED BY id-addWhitelistReq }
```

```
AddWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {  
  COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
  certlist      CertWhitelist,  
  ... }
```

```
addWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {  
  AddWhitelistRsp  
  IDENTIFIED BY id-addWhitelistRsp }
```

```
AddWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {  
  COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,  
  result      CHOICE {  
    success      [0] AddWhitelistOK,  
    failure      [1] AddWhitelistErr,  
    ... },  
  ... }
```

```
AddWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {
    ok      NULL,
    ... }

AddWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {
    notOK   WLMp-error,
    ... }

replaceWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    ReplaceWhitelistReq
    IDENTIFIED BY id-replaceWhitelistReq }

ReplaceWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMpcommonParms,
    old      WhitelistIdentifier,
    new      CertWhitelist,
    ... }

WhitelistIdentifier ::= ENCRYPTED-HASH {TBSCertWhitelist}

replaceWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    ReplaceWhitelistRsp
    IDENTIFIED BY id-replaceWhitelistRsp }

ReplaceWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMpcommonParms,
    result      CHOICE {
        success      [0] RepWhitelistOK,
        failure      [1] RepWhitelistErr,
        ... },
    ... }

RepWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {
    ok      NULL,
    ... }

RepWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {
    notOK   WLMp-error,
    ... }

updateWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    UpdateWhitelistReq
    IDENTIFIED BY id-updateWhitelistReq }

UpdateWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMpcommonParms,
    wl-Id      WhitelistIdentifier,
    status     SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF WhitelistStatus,
    signature   WLSignature,
    ... }

WhitelistStatus ::= SEQUENCE {
    subjectId  WLSubjectKeyIdentifier,
    update     CertStatus,
    ... }

WLSignature ::= ENCRYPTED-HASH {TBSCertWhitelist}

updateWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    UpdateWhitelistRsp
    IDENTIFIED BY id-updateWhitelistRsp }

UpdateWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMpcommonParms,
    result      CHOICE {
        success      [0] UpdWhitelistOK,
```

COM 17 – C xx – E

```
failure      [1] UpdWhitelistErr,
... },
... }

UpdWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {
    ok      NULL,
    ... }

UpdWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {
    notOK   WLMP-error,
    ... }

deleteWhitelistReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    DeleteWhitelistReq
    IDENTIFIED BY id-deleteWhitelistReq }

DeleteWhitelistReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,
    wl-Id      WLIssuerKeyIdentifier,
    ... }

deleteWhitelistRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    DeleteWhitelistRsp
    IDENTIFIED BY id-deleteWhitelistRsp }

DeleteWhitelistRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,
    result      CHOICE {
        success      [0] DelWhitelistOK,
        failure      [1] DelWhitelistErr,
        ... },
    ... }

DelWhitelistOK ::= SEQUENCE {
    ok      NULL,
    ... }

DelWhitelistErr ::= SEQUENCE {
    notOK   WLMP-error,
    ... }

rejectWhitelist CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    RejectWhitelist
    IDENTIFIED BY id-rejectWhitelist }

RejectWhitelist ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF WLMPcommonParms,
    reason      WLMP-error,
    ... }

WLMP-error ::= ENUMERATED {
    noReason              (0),
    unknownContentType    (1),
    unsupportedWLMPversion (2),
    missingContent         (3),
    missingContentParameter (4),
    invalidContentParameter (5),
    sequenceError          (6),
    invalidSignature       (7),
    duplicateWL            (8),
    missingWLparameter     (9),
    invalidWLversion       (10),
    constraintError        (11),
    unknownCertStatus      (12),
    unsupportedCriticalExtenssion (13),
    maxWLsExceeded         (14),
    unknownCert            (15),
```

```
unknownWL                                (16),
... }

-- CA subscription

CASPcommonParms ::= SEQUENCE {
    version    CASPversion DEFAULT v1,
    sequence   CASPsequence,
    ... }

CASPversion ::= ENUMERATED { v1(1), v2(2), v3(3), ... }

CASPsequence ::= INTEGER (1..MAX)

certSubscribeReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    CertSubscribeReq
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certSubscribeReq }

CertSubscribeReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    certs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF SEQUENCE {
        subject      Name,
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
        ... },
    ... }

certSubscribeRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    CertSubscribeRsp
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certSubscribeRsp }

CertSubscribeRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    result CHOICE {
        certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {
            ok [0] SEQUENCE {
                cert      Certificate,
                status     CertStatus,
                ... },
            not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {
                status     CASP-CertStatusCode,
                ... },
            ... },
        error [1] SEQUENCE {
            code          CASP-error,
            ... },
        ... },
    ... }

CASP-CertStatusCode ::= ENUMERATED {
    noReason          (1),
    unknownCert       (2),
    ... }

certUnsubscribeReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    CertUnsubscribeReq
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certUnsubscribeReq }

CertUnsubscribeReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    certs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF SEQUENCE {
        subject      Name,
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
        ... },
    ... }

certUnsubscribeRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    CertUnsubscribeRsp
```

COM 17 – C xx – E

IDENTIFIED BY id-certUnsubscribeRsp }

```
CertUnsubscribeRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
  COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
  result CHOICE {
    certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {
      ok [0] SEQUENCE {
        subject Name,
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
        ... },
      not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {
        status CASP-CertStatusCode,
        ... },
      ... },
    error [1] SEQUENCE {
      code CASP-error,
      ... },
    ... },
    ... }
```

```
certReplaceReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
  CertReplaceReq
  IDENTIFIED BY id-certReplaceReq }
```

```
CertReplaceReq ::= SEQUENCE {
  COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
  certs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF SEQUENCE {
    old CertificateSerialNumber,
    new Certificate,
    ... },
  ... }
```

```
certReplaceRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
  CertReplaceRsp
  IDENTIFIED BY id-certReplaceRsp }
```

```
CertReplaceRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
  COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
  result CHOICE {
    certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {
      ok [0] SEQUENCE {
        issuer Name,
        serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
        ... },
      not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {
        status CASP-CertStatusCode,
        ... },
      ... },
    error [1] SEQUENCE {
      code CASP-error,
      ... },
    ... },
    ... }
```

```
certUpdateReq CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
  CertUpdateReq
  IDENTIFIED BY id-certUpdateReq }
```

```
CertUpdateReq ::= SEQUENCE {
  COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
  certs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF SEQUENCE {
    subject Name,
    serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
    certStatus CertStatus,
    ... },
  ... }
```

```
certUpdateRsp CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    CertUpdateRsp
    IDENTIFIED BY id-certUpdateRsp }

CertUpdateRsp ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    result CHOICE {
        certs [0] SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..MAX)) OF CHOICE {
            ok [0] SEQUENCE {
                subject Name,
                serialNumber CertificateSerialNumber,
                ... },
            not-ok [1] SEQUENCE {
                status CASP-CertStatusCode,
                ... },
            error [1] SEQUENCE {
                code CASP-error,
                ... },
            ... },
        ... }

rejectCAsubscribe CONTENT-TYPE ::= {
    RejectCAsubscribe
    IDENTIFIED BY id-rejectCAsubscribe }

RejectCAsubscribe ::= SEQUENCE {
    COMPONENTS OF CASPcommonParms,
    reason CASP-error,
    ... }

CASP-error ::= ENUMERATED {
    noReason (0),
    unknownContentType (1),
    unsupportedWLMpVersion (2),
    missingContent (3),
    missingContentParameter (4),
    invalidContentParameter (5),
    sequenceError (6),
    unknownSubject (7),
    unknownCert (8),
    ... }

id-addWhitelistReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 0}
id-addWhitelistRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 1}
id-replaceWhitelistReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 2}
id-replaceWhitelistRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 3}
id-updateWhitelistReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 4}
id-updateWhitelistRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 5}
id-deleteWhitelistReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 6}
id-deleteWhitelistRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 7}
id-rejectWhitelist OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 8}
id-certSubscribeReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 9}
id-certSubscribeRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 10}
id-certUnsubscribeReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 11}
id-certUnsubscribeRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 12}
id-certReplaceReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 13}
id-certReplaceRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 14}
id-certUpdateReq OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 15}
id-certUpdateRsp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 16}
id-rejectCAsubscribe OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-cmsct 17}

END -- CmsContentSpecifications
```